From Application to Onboarding Enhancing Recruitment and Selection for Organization Success

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Abstract

A letter of intent is sent to chosen candidates as part of the pre-onboarding process. After they agree, a background check tool will be used as part of the candidate verification process to determine whether the information submitted is real. The final offer letter was emailed if it was determined that the information provided was accurate. Long-term subprocesses were also implicated in this phase. Orientation and Induction The candidate would start the onboarding process after receiving the offer letter. Between the candidate onboarding and the joining day, there was not much interaction. To become acquainted with their work environment, new hires have to fill out a few paperwork and make job requests on the day of their arrival. They began their induction one week following their DOJ and it would last for as long as once a week. The process was not only disjointed and time-consuming, but it also required a lot of labor hours. The candidate screening procedure was intricate and included the use of several instruments, as Figure 1 shows. The primary goal of this study is to comprehend the efficacy of hiring practices, their procedures, and organizational support for the advancement of knowledge. As a metric for determining the organization's recruitment process and as a tool for process development, the efficacy of recruitment has grown in popularity. There isn’t much actual data to support the effectiveness of recruitment at this company. Here, the researchers have taken into account a variety of growing elements as individual factors and have attempted to determine the relationship between the individual factors and the demographic components. Several statistical tools, including regression analysis, correlation, and percentage analysis, have been used by the researchers.

Keywords: Recruitment, Organizational Support, HR Journals.

1. Introduction

The core and essential function of organizations is the human resource function. Recruitment is a fundamental component of HR best practices, whereby employees are admitted into firms. The practice of looking for potential candidates to apply for job openings in companies is known as recruitment. The process of selecting a qualified candidate from the pool of job candidates is known as selection. The selection process begins once the recruitment procedure is over. The positive aspect of HR practices is recruitment, while the negative aspect is selection. Several distinguished academics and researchers have stated that for organizations to survive in the most competitive and cutting-edge environment, recruitment and selection practices need to be morally or ethically sound. The complete hiring process begins with recruitment and continues with selection, placement, and approval. The goal of the hiring process is to select a qualified applicant for each open position. The organization's HR department is responsible for recruitment. Every organization has a different recruitment method based on what they require. Edwin B. from Flippo claims that recruiting is the process of drawing in applicants and forcing them to apply for a position. Many Indian organizations follow a recruitment process that consists of laying out their recruitment policy and then implementing it. Employee recommendations, job portal transfers and promotions, walk-ins, and adverts in various
publications, such as newspapers, are the sources of conventional recruitment. The introduction of social media into the hiring process has significantly altered it in the current economic era. Online recruiting techniques are being used by many businesses to draw in potential employees. The hiring process is influenced by a variety of elements, such as the culture of the company, working hours, amenities, benefits, pay, welfare, goodwill, and location. A key factor in the organization's success is its human resources. The key to the success of a corporation is effectively managing its people resources. To do this, it is therefore necessary to guarantee good human resource management. Human resource management is based on the premise that people are essential resources and that their performance is mostly dependent upon the company. Although human resources have always been essential to an organization's success, their significance has grown and is now acknowledged both inside and outside the workplace. Organizational performance and human resource management techniques are positively correlated.

1.1. Purpose
The purpose of the study is to learn the practical applicability of the theoretical knowledge gained about the recruitment and selection process. To gain knowledge about, the process of recruitment and selection in TCS. To know the effectiveness or ineffectiveness of the process of recruitment and selection in TCS. Employee Retention is not about managing retention. It is about managing people. If an organization manages people well, employee retention will take care of itself. People want to work for an organization that provides: Appreciation for the work done, Ample opportunities, A friendly and cooperative environment, and A feeling that the organization is a second home to the employee. Employee retention has become a major goal of the organization

1.2. Objectives of the Study
- To understand the Recruitment process in the organization [1].
- To assess the effectiveness of the Recruitment and selection process on employee productivity [2].
- To analyze the influence of recruitment and selection on organizational performance [3].
- To provide recommendations to optimize best recruitment practices [4].

2. Research Methodology
Both primary and secondary procedures were used to gather the data for the investigation. Primary methods offer information gathered directly from the source. Both questionnaires and interviews were used as the methodology. This approach involved asking TCS managers and staff members questions about the company's current recruitment and selection procedure, including what needs to be changed and what pertinent improvements they intended to make. among the total sample, the majority of the managers from various departments were interviewed. secondary methods—also known as secondhand knowledge—provide information that has previously been discovered in the past. the data was collected from the organization's several HR journals for a variety of uses, including the HR department's internal use, reference from any other department regarding the execution of different initiatives initiated by the HR department, to learn about the bonus or performance review programs, etc.

3. Hypothesis
H0: There is no significant relationship between understanding the recruitment process in the organization and employee productivity in Table 1.
H1: There is a positive correlation between understanding the recruitment process in the organization and employee productivity in Table 2.

<table>
<thead>
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<th>Count</th>
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<th>Average</th>
<th>Variance</th>
</tr>
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<td>30</td>
<td>30</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Column 2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>20</td>
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Table 2 ANOVA

<table>
<thead>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Within Groups</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Interpretation

- The non-zero SS Between value in the study implies that there is significant variability between the groups (columns). On the other hand, the lack of within-group variability (zero degrees of freedom and variance) is extremely exceptional and raises the possibility of a computation or data error [5].
- It is impossible to ascertain the significance level or make firm judgments regarding the observed differences between groups without the F-value and related P-value.
- It will take more research into the data or computation method to handle the unexpected findings and accurately interpret the outcomes.

4. Observers

- Most of the participants expressed a preference for posting their resumes on job and company websites.
- The percentage analysis indicates that the organization primarily uses internal sources.
- The majority of employees stated that they frequently receive information from newspaper sources.
- Most workers said that they were happy with the reaction they received following recruitment.
- The majority of the staff stated that final appointment decisions ought to be made solely based on merit.
- The majority of employers deduced that finding job openings requires their company to follow a set of procedures along with rules and guidelines [6].
- The percentage analysis indicates that each job position is subject to job analysis and job descriptions conducted by the business.

- The vast majority of employers stated that their company mostly employs employee referrals and newspapers.

Conclusion

The study's primary goal was to gain a thorough understanding of recruitment policies, methods, and practices to assess how well they work to find the right candidates and maximize their potential to fit in with the mission, goals, and objectives of the company. Despite the professionalism and meticulous planning that went into the company's recruitment policy and procedures, it was found that there were not many inconsistencies in the way the policy was implemented. In certain areas, the study's findings are intriguing and thought-provoking. In addition, the study gave participants the chance to voice their opinions on the current hiring practices and provide impartial recommendations, all of which were included in the analysis and conclusions for management to consider in the best interests of the workforce.

Reference

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